Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

Flint Hills Resources Port Arthur, LLC

Site Name: Port Arthur Chemicals
Physical Location: 4241 Savannah Ave
Nearest City: Port Arthur
County: Jefferson

Permit Number: O1317 Project Type: Renewal

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code: 32511 NAICS Name: Petrochemical Manufacturing

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document may include the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status; and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: January 9, 2018

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

The Port Arthur Chemicals Plant has three major processes that make up the facility; the Light Olefins Units (LOU) that cracks a variety of hydrocarbon mixtures, the Aromatics Unit (AU) that accepts high aromatic content streams from both the LOU and off-site sources, and the Cyclohexane Unit (CU) that converts benzene and hydrogen to cyclohexane by catalytic hydrogenation.

<u>Light Olefins Unit (LOU)</u>: It is designed to crack a variety of hydrocarbon mixtures including ethane, propane, butane, and naphtha. The primary product of the LOU is ethylene. The following are the major byproducts: fuel gas, propylene, mixed C4s, aromatic distillate, pyrolysis gasoline, pyrolysis fuel oil, and hydrogen. The LOU has eight cracking furnaces that crack LOU feed stocks and one furnace that cracks recycled ethane and propane. Downstream from the furnaces, the LOU separates and purifies the products and the byproducts.

The vapors from the cracking furnaces are collected in a primary fractionator column. The primary fractionator overhead is sent to the multistage compression system where the vapor is compressed and is then sent to a series of fractionating columns including demethanizer, deethanizer, depropanizer, and debutanizer. The fractionator column bottom stream, pyrolysis fuel oil, is sent to on-site storage.

Hydrogen-rich gas demethanizeris routed to fuel gas for on-site processes or separated for use in the cyclohexane process. The deethanizer system fractionates ethylene and ethane. Ethylene product is sent off-site by pipeline. Ethane is recycled to the ethane cracking furnace, exported as product, or routed to fuel gas. Bottoms from the deethanizer are fed to the depropanizer system to fractionate propylene and propane. Propane is recycled to the furnaces and propylene product is sent off-site. The depropanizer bottoms are fed to the debutanizer producing a C4 fraction overhead, which is sent to pressurized storage. Bottoms from the debutanizer combined with distillate from the primary fractionation system are sent to the gasoline hydrogenation unit (GHU) and then the pyronaphtha hydrogenation unit (PHU) for treatment. The resultant pyrolysis gasoline stream is sent off-site. The aromatic distillate (concentrate) stream is supplied to the AU as a feedstock

<u>Aromatic Unit (AU)</u>: The AU accepts high aromatic streams from both the LOU and off-site sources. Utilizing UDEX technology, an aromatics rich stream is extracted from the incoming feedstock. The non-aromatics stream, raffinate, is recycled to the LOU or sent off-site. The extracted stream is treated in a clay tower and a sulfur guard bed before being piped to a fractionator tower. The fractionator tower separates the aromatics into a benzene stream and a toluene extract stream. The toluene extract stream is mixed with a LOU side stream and is sent off-site as pyrolysis gasoline. The benzene stream is sent to on-site storage and is the primary feedstock to the CU.

Cyclohexane Unit (CU): Benzene (UDEX-produced and purchased) and hydrogen (LOU - produced and purchased) are the feed stocks for the CU. Benzene and hydrogen are mixed, vaporized, and routed through a series of reactors, where the benzene and hydrogen are converted to cyclohexane by catalytic hydrogenation. The cyclohexane product stream is first routed to on-site storage, and then is pumped through off-site storage, and finally loaded out at the Huntsman Port Neches Dock.

Flint Hills Resources Port Arthur LLC (FHR) conducts marine unloading operations and owns tanks at the Port Neches Terminal (PNT).

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants VOC, SO2, PM, NOX, HAPS, CO
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Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - o Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - o Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - Permit Shield
 - o New Source Review Authorization References
 - Compliance Plan
 - Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - Acronym list
- Appendix B
 - Copies of major NSR authorizations

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting: The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form

OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions: The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary: The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement: The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References: All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan: A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements: This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list: This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

The applicant opted to comply with the more stringent 20% opacity standard under 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) for all stationary vents that are subject to the 30% opacity standard under 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(A).

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- 5. Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.

- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an

applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
30G-101	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
30G-101	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP less than 100 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
33P-105B	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-203	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300 RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992 Type of Service = Demonstrated to operate less than 850 hours per year, based on a rolling 12-month average	
33P-105B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used. Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder. Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine. Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006. Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2012.	
33P-105B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			§63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
33P-106	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-203	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300 RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992 Type of Service = Demonstrated to operate less than 850 hours per year, based on a rolling 12-month average	
33P-106	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
33P-106	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
33P-107	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-203	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300 RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992 Type of Service = Demonstrated to operate less than 850 hours per year, based on a rolling 12-month average	
33P-107	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
33P-107	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
34P-109A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
34P-109A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
34P-109B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
34P-109B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
34P-109C	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
34P-109C	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
34P-109D	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
34P-109D	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
34P-114A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2011.	
34P-114A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
	·		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
34P-114B	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 368 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = The CI ICE and control device is installed, configured, operated, and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2011.	
34P-114B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
34P-114S	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005.	
			Diesel = Diesel fuel is used.	
			Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 130 KW and less than or equal to 2237 KW.	
			Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement.	
			Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder.	
			Service = CI ICE is an emergency engine.	
			Standards = The emergency CI ICE meets the standards applicable to non-emergency engines.	
			Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005.	
			Compliance Option = Records are being kept of manufacturer data according to §60.4211(b)(3).	
			Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 04/01/2006.	
			Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured prior to model year 2007.	
34P-114S	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2.	
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 250 HP and less than 300 HP.	
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.	
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
34P-118S	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-203	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300	
	117, Subchapter B		RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			Type of Service = Demonstrated to operate less than 850 hours per year, based on a rolling 12-month average	
34P-118S	40 CFR Part 60,	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart IIII		on or before 07/11/2005.	
34P-118S	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63 <i>ZZZZ</i>	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
37G-O100	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	117-ENG1	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300 RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and on or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020	
37G-O100	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart JJJJ	601111	Construction/Reconstruction/Modification Date = The stationary spark ignition (SI) internal combustion engine (ICE) commenced construction, reconstruction or modification after June 12, 2006. Manufactured Date = Date of manufacture is on or after July 1, 2010. Test Cell = The SI ICE is not being tested at an engine test cell/stand. Certified = Purchased a certified SI ICE. Operation = Operating and maintaining the certified SI ICE and control device according to manufacturer's written instructions. Temp Replacement = The SI ICE is not acting as a temporary replacement. Horsepower = Maximum engine power greater than or equal to 500 HP. Fuel = SI ICE that uses natural gas. Service = SI ICE is an emergency engine. Lean Burn = The SI ICE is a lean-burn engine. Commencing = SI ICE that is commencing new construction.	
37G-O100	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
41LG-2000	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-203	Horsepower Rating = HP is greater than or equal to 300 RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Type of Service = Demonstrated to operate less than 850 hours per year, based on a rolling 12-month average	
41LG-2000	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
41LG-2000	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).	
P-1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart IIII	601111	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification on or before 07/11/2005.	
P-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ	HAP Source = Any stationary source or group of stationary sources of hazardous air pollutants meeting the definition of a major source as described in 40 CFR § 63.2. Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 100 HP and less than 250 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002. Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii). Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine	
10T-109	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
10T-113	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-005	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
10T-113	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
10T-114	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-005	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
10T-114	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
31T-104	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-052	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Flare	
31T-104	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Other control device	
31T-104	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00061	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping. Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is greater than or equal to 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Control Device Type = Flare	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
31T-104	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00070	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is greater than or equal to 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Boiler or process heater into which the vent stream is introduced with primary fuel	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
AUT33979	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
AUT33979	40 CFR Part 60,	60Kb-4	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid	
	Subpart Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 19,800 gallons (75,000 liters) but less than 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)	
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 2.2 psia	
AUT4865	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
AUT4865	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-068	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Carbon adsorption system	
AUT4865	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4865	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
AUT4865	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00031	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping. Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Control Device Type = Thermal incinerator Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof) Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4865	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00057	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4866	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit	
AUT4866	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-068	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorption system	
AUT4866	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4866	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i)
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
AUT4866	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00031	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Thermal incinerator	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4866	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00057	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4867	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit	
AUT4867	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	5, Storage of	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorption system	
AUT4867	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4867	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS:
	Subpart G		sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a)
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS:
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
AUT4867	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00031	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Thermal incinerator	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4867	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00057	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4868	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit	
AUT4868	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-068	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Carbon adsorption system	
AUT4868	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4868	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
AUT4868	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00031	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping. Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Control Device Type = Thermal incinerator	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4868	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00057	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4880	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Other vapor destruction unit	
AUT4880	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-068	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorption system	
AUT4880	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4880	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
AUT4880	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00031	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping. Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Control Device Type = Thermal incinerator Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof) Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%. Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4880	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00057	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Carbon adsorber	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
			Design Evaluation Submitted = Results of a performance test was submitted to demonstrate compliance with 40 CFR § 63.119(e).	
AUT4881	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4881	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
AUT4882	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4882	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
AUT4883	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4883	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
AUT4884	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4884	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
AUT4884	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004Y	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(i) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
AUT4884	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged. Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption Emission Control Type = Fixed-roof tank equipped with an internal floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(b) New Source = The source is an existing source.	
AUT4884	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
AUT4884	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-WW	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103	
AUT4930	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
AUT4930	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka-25	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate) Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters) True Vapor Pressure = TVP is greater than or equal to 1.5 but less than or equal to 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Fixed roof with an internal floating-type cover Reid Vapor Pressure = RVP not determined since 40 CFR § 60.115a(d)(1) exemption is not utilized	
AUT4930	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-004	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = Internal floating roof	
GAS-TK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-GAS	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe	
			Product Stored = Gasoline from a storage container in motor vehicle fuel dispensing service (as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 115)	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
GRP115TANK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs		Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
LOUT1596	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT1596	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	
LOUT1596	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-008	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = External floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(ii) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(2) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
LOUT1596	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged. Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6) New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT1596	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT1596	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-WW	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT1597	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT1597	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUT1597	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-008	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = External floating roof	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS: Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(ii) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(2) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
LOUT1597	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged. Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6) New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT1597	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT1597	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-WW	 	
LOUT33752	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT33752	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	
LOUT33752	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-008	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing	Affected Pollutant - 112(B) HAPS:

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart G		sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = External floating roof	Added Reporting [G]§ 63.122(a) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(1)(ii) Added Reporting § 63.122(h)(2) At the request of the applicant because unit is a Group 1 storage vessel.
LOUT33752	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged. Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6) New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT33752	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33752	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-WW	 	
LOUT33753	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
LOUT33753	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T04a	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1) Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof.	
LOUT33753	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is at an acetal resins production facility, larger than 34 m ³ and storing a product with a vapor pressure specified in Table 1 as subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33755	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	VOCs		Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT33755	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart K	60K-112	Construction/Modification Date = After March 8, 1974 and on or before May 19, 1978 Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 65,000 gallons (246,052 liters) Product Stored = Petroleum (other than crude oil) or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is at least 1.5 psia and less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Floating roof (internal or external) Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure not determined	
LOUT33755	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	
LOUT33755	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged. Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6) New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT33755	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-003	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33755	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-WW	Existing Source = Polycarbonate unit is located at an existing source. Process Wastewater = Tank manages a Group 1 wastewater stream subject to § 63.1106(a). Subject to §63.1106(c)(3) = Tank is controlled less strigently than Table 35 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.	
LOUT33756	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	VOCs		documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT33756	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2)	
			Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	
LOUT33756	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-WW9	Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.	
			Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption	
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6)	
			New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT33756	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-003	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33756	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY-WW	Existing Source = Polycarbonate unit is located at an existing source.	
	Subpart YY		Process Wastewater = Tank manages a Group 1 wastewater stream subject to § 63.1106(a).	
			Subject to $\S63.1106(c)(3)$ = Tank is controlled at least as strigently as Table 35 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.	
LOUT33757	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-052	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Control Device Type = Flare	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUT33757	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Construction Date = Date not determined since 30 TAC § 115.117(c)(3) exemption is not utilized	
			Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Other control device	
LOUT33757	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33758	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCS		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
LOUT33758	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33759	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
LOUT33759	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T04a	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1)	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof.	
LOUT33759	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUT33760	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00c	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
LOUT33760	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT33799	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-052	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Flare	
LOUT33799	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-056	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Construction Date = Date not determined since 30 TAC § 115.117(c)(3) exemption is not utilized Tank Description = Tank using a vapor recovery system (VRS) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Control Device Type = Other control device	
LOUT33799	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00061	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G). Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y. Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping. Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is greater than or equal to 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Control Device Type = Flare Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUT33799	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00070	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is routing emissions to a process or fuel gas system, or is subject to § 63.148 of Subpart G	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Hard Piping = The closed vent system is constructed of hard piping.	
			Bypass Lines = Closed vent system has by-pass lines that are sealed with a carseal or lock and key mechanism	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is greater than or equal to 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Control Device Type = Boiler or process heater into which the vent stream is introduced with primary fuel	
			Emission Control Type = Closed vent system (CVS) and control device (fixed roof)	
			Control Device Design = The control device was not installed on or before December 31, 1992 or was not designed to reduce inlet emissions of total organic hazardous air pollutants by greater than or equal to 90% and less than 95%.	
LOUT33799	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
LOUT34030	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-083	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
			Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
			Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized	
LOUT34030	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-T05	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Kb Tank Type = Using an external floating roof that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(2)	
			Seal Type = Mechanical shoe primary seal	
LOUT34030	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT- TANK00053	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals, one located above the other, the primary seal being a metallic shoe seal	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof	
LOUT34030	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-WW9	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams	
	Subpart G		Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.	
			Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption	
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(c), 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(5), and 40 CFR § 63.120(b)(6)	
			New Source = The source is an existing source.	
LOUT34030	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
TK-94285	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TK-97369	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission	Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TK-97371	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
TK-97372	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TK-99248	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00A	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TK-C13571	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TK-C13572	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112-00a	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCS		Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons	
TT1815	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of	R5112-069	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.	
	VOCs		Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR)	
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia	
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons	
TT1815	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-IFR	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart FF		40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF.	
			Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351.	
			Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1)	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the vessel and the edge of the internal floating roof.	
TT1815	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GT-DOME	MACT Subpart F/G Applicability = The unit is a Group 1 vessel (as defined in Table 5 for existing sources or Table 6 for new sources of 40 CFR 63, Subpart G).	
			Seal Type = Two seals mounted one above the other so that each forms a continuous closure that completely covers the space between the wall of the storage vessel and the edge of the floating roof	
			NESHAP Subpart Y Applicability = The unit is not subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y.	
			Maximum TVP = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAP in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)	
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof converted to an internal floating roof (i.e. fixed roof installed above an external floating roof)	
TT1815	40 CFR Part 63,	63GT-WW10	Process Wastewater = The tank receives, manages, or treats process wastewater streams	
	Subpart G		Wastewater Tank Usage = The wastewater tank is not used for heating wastewater, treating by means of an exothermic reaction, nor are the contents of the tank are sparged.	
			Wastewater Tank Properties = Properties do not qualify for exemption	
			Emission Control Type = Fixed-roof tank equipped with an internal floating roof that meets the requirements specified in 40 CFR § 63.119(b)	
			New Source = The source is an existing source.	
TT1815	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Tank is located at an ethylene production facility and meets the size and vapor pressure requirements of Table 7 to be subject to § 63.1103.	
CHXLOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	R5211-001	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Marine terminal	
CHXMAINT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-002	Chapter 115 Control Device Type = Control device other than a flare, vapor combustor, catalytic incinerator, direct flame incinerator, chiller, or carbon adsorption system.	
	Unloading of VOC		Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
			Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Vapor Tight = Not all liquid and vapor lines are equipped with fittings which make vapor-tight connections that close automatically when disconnected.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure greater than or equal to 0.5 psia.	
			Daily Throughput = Loading greater than or equal to 20,000 gallons per day.	
			Control Options = Vapor control system that maintains a control efficiency of at least 90%.	
LOUPFOLR	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and	R5211-018	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.	
	Unloading of VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.	
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas and gasoline.	
			Transfer Type = Only loading.	
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure less than 0.5 psia.	
LOUPFOLR	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene production.	
	Subpart YY		True Vapor Pressure = The true vapor pressure of the loaded material is less than 3.4 kPa (0.5 psi).	
			Average Volume Transferred = Volume transferred is at least 76 m ³ per day (20,077 gallons per day), averaged over any 30 consecutive days.	
LOUBOILER1	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER2	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUBOILER3		R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).		
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER4	30 TAC Chapter	C Chapter R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER5	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER6	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER7	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			§§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO _x , CO, O ₂ , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER8	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 100 MMBtu/hr, but less than 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Emissions are monitored using methods other than CEMS or PEMS.	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Maximum emission rate testing [in accordance with 30 TAC § 117.8000]	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER9	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO_x , CO, O_2 , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A) or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILER9	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.	
	·		ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OF GREATER THAN 10%	
			FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS	
LOUBOILR10	30 TAC Chapter	R7ICI-506X	Diluent CEMS = The process heater does not use a carbon dioxide CEMS to monitor diluent.	
	117, Subchapter B		Fuel Flow Monitoring = Fuel flow is monitored with a totalizing fuel flow meter per 30 TAC §§ 117.140(a), 117.340(a) or 117.440(a).	
			Unit Type = Process heater	
			30 TAC Chapter 116 Limit = NO_x emission limit in 30 TAC § 117.105 is not greater than the NO_x emission limit in a 30 TAC Chapter 116 permit	
			CO Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.105(f)	
			Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr.	
			CO Monitoring System = Continuous emission monitoring system complying with 30 TAC § 117.8100(a)(1).	
			NOx Emission Limit Basis = Emission limit basis is not a 30 day rolling average or a block one-hour average	
			RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992	
			NOx Reduction = No NO _x control method	
			Common Stack Combined = Unit is not vented through a common stack, or the total rated heat input from combined units is at less than 250 MMBtu/hr or the annual combined heat input is less than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr.	
			Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas	
			Fuel Type #2 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas or renewable non-fossil fuel gases	
			NOx Monitoring System = Continuous emissions monitoring system	
			Annual Heat Input = Annual heat input is greater than 2.2(10 ¹¹) Btu/yr, based on a rolling 12-month average.	
			NOx Emission Limitation = Unit is complying with a Source Cap under Title 30 TAC § 117.123 or § 117.423	
			Opt-In Unit = The unit is not an opt-in unit listed in 30 TAC § 117.115(f) or the owner or operator has chosen not to include into the Plant-wide emission or Source Cap.	
			23C-Option = NO _x , CO, O ₂ , (CO ₂) CEMS and a totalizing fuel flow meter per § 117.123(c)(1)(A)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			or § 117.423(c)(1)(A).	
LOUBOILR10	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010. ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OF GREATER THAN 10% FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS	
LOUBOILR11	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-505	Unit Type = Process heater Maximum Rated Capacity = Maximum rated capacity is at least 200 MMBtu/hr. RACT Date Placed in Service = After June 9, 1993 and before the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC §§ 117.9000, 117.9010 or 117.9020(1). Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement.	
LOUHEATER1	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-502	Unit Type = Process heater Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is less than 40 MMBtu/hr. RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992 Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas, or renewable non-fossil fuel gases. Fuel Type #2 = Natural gas NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.103(a)(2) exemption	
LOUHEATER1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010. ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OTHER THAN A FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR. FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS	
LOUHEATER2	30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	R7ICI-502	Unit Type = Process heater Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is less than 40 MMBtu/hr. RACT Date Placed in Service = On or before November 15, 1992 Fuel Type #1 = Gaseous fuel other than natural gas, landfill gas, or renewable non-fossil fuel gases. Fuel Type #2 = Natural gas NOx Emission Limitation = Title 30 TAC § 117.103(a)(2) exemption	
LOUHEATER2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDDD	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010. ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR = ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR OTHER THAN A FEDERALLY ENFORCEABLE ANNUAL CAPACITY FACTOR. FUEL TYPE = NATURAL GAS	

3	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
LOUBOILR12 30 TAC Chapter 117, Subchapter B	117-BOIL	Unit Type = Other industrial, commercial, or institutional boiler. Maximum Rated Capacity = MRC is greater than or equal to 250 MMBtu/hr. RACT Date Placed in Service = On or after the final compliance date specified in 30 TAC § 117.9000. Functionally Identical Replacement = Unit is not a functionally identical replacement.	
LOUBOILR12 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	60DB	60.42b(k)(2) Low Sulfur Exemption = The § 60.42b(k)(2) exemption applies. Construction/Modification Date = Constructed or reconstructed after February 28, 2005. D-Series Fuel Type #1 = Natural gas. Heat Input Capacity = Heat input capacity is greater than 250 MMBtu/hr (73 MW). PM Monitoring Type = No particulate monitoring. Opacity Monitoring Type = No particulate (opacity) monitoring. Subpart Da = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da. Changes to Existing Affected Facility = No change has been made to the existing steam generating unit, which was not previously subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db, for the sole purpose of combusting gases containing totally reduced sulfur as defined under 40 CFR § 60.281. NOx Monitoring Type = Continuous emission monitoring system. Electrical or Mechanical Output = 10% or less of the annual output is electrical or mechanical. SO2 Monitoring Type = Fuel certification (maintaining receipts per § 60.49b(r)(1)). Subpart Ea, Eb or AAAA = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of and is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ea, Eb or AAAA. Subpart J = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J. Subpart E = The affected facility does not meet applicability requirements of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart E. Subpart KKKK = The affected facility is not a heat recovery steam generator associated with combined cycle gas turbines and that meets applicability requirements of and is subject to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart KKKK. Technology Type = Other conventional technology. ACF Option - SO2 = Other ACF or no ACF. Subpart Cb or BBBB = The affected facility is not covered by an EPA approved State or Federal section 111(d)/129 plan implementing 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Cb or BBBB emission guidelines. Unit Type = OTHER UNIT TYPE ACF Option - PM = Other ACF or no ACF. Electricity Only = The facility does not generate electricity only.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			ACF Option - NOx = Other ACF or no ACF.	
			60.49Da(m) Alternative = The facility is not using the § 60.49Da(m) alternative.	
LOUBOILR12	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDDD	Construction/Reconstruction Date = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.	
			HEAT INPUT CAPACITY = RATED HEAT INPUT CAPACITY OF 100 MMBTU/HR OR GREATER	
AUFLARE-1	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-002	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.	
			Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
AUFLARE-1	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-003	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.	
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
AUFLARE-1	40 CFR Part 63,	,	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
AUFLARE-1	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE	30 TAC Chapter	R1111-002	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.	
			Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.	
LOUFLARE	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-003	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.	
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			§ 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-003	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE-2		R1111-002	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.	
	111, Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.	
LOUFLARE-2	40 CFR Part 60,	60A-003	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.	
	Subpart A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE-2	40 CFR Part 63,	63A-003	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
LOUFLARE-2	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
	Subpart A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).	
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted	
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
RSELDFLR	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	R1111-001	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1. Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.	
RSELDFLR	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-001	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is not subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.	
RSELDFLR	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart A	60A-003	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18. Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4). Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)	
RSELDFLR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A	63A-001	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is not required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.	
AUFUGS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
AUFUGS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63H-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.	
CHXUFUGS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
CHXUFUGS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63H-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.	
GRPFUGS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
GRPFUGS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63H-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.	
LOUFUGS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
LOUFUGS	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene Production.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
	Subpart YY		Equipment Type = The fugitive unit contains equipment, as defined in § 63.1101, contacting hazardous air pollutants in Tables 1 through 7 or Table 9, as appropriate.	
PNTFUGS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Pet. Refinery & Petrochemicals	R5352-ALL	SOP/GOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes VOC fugitive control requirements for all components subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter D, Division 3 with no alternate control or control device.	
PNTFUGS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H	63H-ALL	SOP Index No. = Owner/Operator assumes fugitive control requirements for all components in VOC or VHAP service subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart H with no alternated control or control device.	
PNTFUGS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Ethylene Production. Equipment Type = The fugitive unit contains equipment, as defined in § 63.1101, contacting hazardous air pollutants in Tables 1 through 7 or Table 9, as appropriate.	
AUCHXUCLTR	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	63Q	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.	
LOUCOOLTW R	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Heat Exchange System = The cooling tower/heat exchange system is subject to the requirements of 40 CFR § 63.1100(e).	
LOUAPISEP	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-004	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910. Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption. Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131. Control Device = Direct flame incinerator.	
LOUAPISEP	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-005	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910. Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption. Emission Control Option = Vapor recovery system which satisfies the provisions of 30 TAC § 115.131. Control Device = Carbon adsorption system.	
LOUAPISEP	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-WS174	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT THE STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE By-Pass Line Valve = A CAR-SEAL OR LOCK AND KEY CONFIGURATION IS USED TO SECURE THE BY-PASS LINE VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO Control Device Type/Operation = THERMAL VAPOR INCINERATOR REDUCING ORGANICS BY 95 WEIGHT PERCENT OR GREATER	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Engineering Calculations = PERFORANCE TEST IS BEING USED TO DETERMINE COMPLIANCE OF A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = COMPLYING WITH THE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPART FF	
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC)	
LOUAPISEP	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-WS174C	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO	
	Subpart FF		By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT THE STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A CAR-SEAL OR LOCK AND KEY CONFIGURATION IS USED TO SECURE THE BY-PASS LINE VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION	
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO	
			Control Device Type/Operation = THERMAL VAPOR INCINERATOR PROVIDING MIN. RESIDENCE TIME OF 0.5 SEC @ 760° C	
			Floating Roof = NO FLOATING ROOF	
			Engineering Calculations = PERFORANCE TEST IS BEING USED TO DETERMINE COMPLIANCE OF A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = COMPLYING WITH THE MONITORING REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPART FF	
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NEGATIVE PRESSURE (LESS THAN ATMOSPHERIC)	
			Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349	
LOUAPISEP	40 CFR Part 61,	61FF-WS179	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO	
	Subpart FF		By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS A BY-PASS LINE THAT COULD DIVERT THE STREAM AWAY FROM THE CONTROL DEVICE	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A CAR-SEAL OR LOCK AND KEY CONFIGURATION IS USED TO SECURE THE BY-PASS LINE VALVE IN THE CLOSED POSITION	
			Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO	
			Control Device Type/Operation = CARBON ADSORPTION SYSTEM NOT REGENERATING BED DIRECTLY IN DEVICE	
			Engineering Calculations = PERFORANCE TEST IS BEING USED TO DETERMINE COMPLIANCE OF A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE	
			Carbon Replacement Interval = CARBON IS REPLACED AT A REGULAR PREDETERMINED INTERVAL	
			Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC) Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF	
			§ 61.349	
LOUT33752	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	R5131-002	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.	
			Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.	
			Emission Control Option = The compartment is equipped with a floating roof or internal floating cover that rests on the contents and has closure seals to close space between the roof edge and tank wall with gauging and sampling devices that are vapor tight except when in use.	
LOUT33755	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water	R5131-002	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.	
	Separation		Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.	
			Emission Control Option = The compartment is equipped with a floating roof or internal floating cover that rests on the contents and has closure seals to close space between the roof edge and tank wall with gauging and sampling devices that are vapor tight except when in use.	
LOUT33756	115, Water	R5131-002	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.	
	Separation		Exemption = Water separator does not qualify for exemption.	
			Emission Control Option = The compartment is equipped with a floating roof or internal floating cover that rests on the contents and has closure seals to close space between the roof edge and tank wall with gauging and sampling devices that are vapor tight except when in use.	
LOUWASTE	40 CFR Part 63,	63YY	Facility Type = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION FACILITY	
	Subpart YY		Process Wastewater = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR DOES NOT RECEIVE, MANAGE OR TREAT A PROCESS WASTEWATER STREAM AS DEFINED IN 40 CFR § 63.1101	
			Meets 40 CFR \S 63.149(d) = OIL-WATER SEPARATOR MEETS THE CRITERIA OF 40 CFR \S 63.1106(C)(3) OR (C)(4)(I)	
10F-1102	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	Controls		Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
10F-1102	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	60NNN-63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-112	30 TAC Chapter	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.	
	115, Vent Gas Controls		Control Device Type = Smokeless flare	
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
10F-112	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	60NNN-63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-113	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
10F-113	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	60NNN-63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-115	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
10F-115	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	60NNN-63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-118	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
10F-118	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-285	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-7	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.	
			Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule. Combined 24-Hour VOC Weight = Combined VOC weight is less than or equal to 100 pounds (45.4 kg). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is greater than or equal to 612 ppmv.	
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
10F-299	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
10F-299	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-301	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
10F-301	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-502	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
10F-695 A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
10F-695 A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
10F-695 B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
10F-695 B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
2C-12	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
2C-12	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012N	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
3C-11	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
3C-11	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012N	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
3C-14	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
3C-14	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012N	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
3C-15	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
3C-4	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
3C-4	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012N	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
5F-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
5F-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
5F-11	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
5F-2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
5F-2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	
5F-21	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-11	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
BF-12	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-12	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012R	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
BF-1A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-1A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012R	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
BF-1B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-1B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012R	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
BF-2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012R	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
BF-3	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream originates from a synthetic organic chemical manufacturing industry reactor process or distillation operation, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10.	
BF-3	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G	63GV-012N	Control Device = Flare Overlap = Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN Group 1 = The process vent meets the definition of a Group 1 process vent. Halogenated = Vent stream is not halogenated. By-pass Lines = The vent system does not contain by-pass lines that can divert the vent stream from the control device.	
CP-31	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-6	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
T-1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
T-2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	R5121-4	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Title 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Vent Gas Control rules are applicable and the vent is not specifically classified under the rule.	
YYVENTS	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Source Type = Carbon black production	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
DGREASEOPS	30 TAC Chapter	115-SOLV00004	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Remote reservoir cold solvent cleaning machine.	
	115, Degreasing Processes		Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested.	
			Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed.	
			Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is less than or equal to 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit.	
			Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120° F.	
			Parts Larger than Drainage = Cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine.	
			Drainage Area = Area is less than 16 square inches.	
			Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.	
LOUBOILR11	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart RRR	60RRR-006	Chemicals Listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 = The affected facility is part of a process unit that produces chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.707 as a product, co-product, by product, or intermediate.	
			Total Design Capacity = Total design capacity is 1 gigagram per year (1,100 tons per year) or greater.	
			Construction/Modification Date = After June 29, 1990.	
			Vent Stream Flow Rate = Vent stream flow rate is 0.011 scm/min or greater, or value is not measured.	
			Affected Facility Type = Reactor process not discharging its vent stream into a recovery system.	
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD = The reactor process is not subject to the provisions of Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart DDD.	
			Subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN = The vent stream is routed to a distillation unit subject to Title 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart NNN and has no other releases to the air except for a pressure relief valve.	
			TRE Index Value = TRE index value is less than or equal to 8.0 or a TRE index value is not calculated or claimed for exemption 40 CFR § 60.700(c)(2).	
			TRE for Halogenated Vent Stream = TRE index value is being calculated for a nonhalogenated vent stream.	
LOUWASTE	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Facility Type = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION FACILITY	
PROAUWW	40 CFR Part 63,	63GTP-WWd	Combustion Process = No combustion process is used for treatment.	
	Subpart G	ubpart G	Series of Processes = The wastewater stream is treated using a single treatment process.	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = The EPA Administrator has not approved alternate monitoring parameters or no alternate has been requested.	
			Vented to Control = Emissions from the treatment process are vented to a control device.	
			Biological Treatment Process = Non-biological treatment process.	
		<u> </u>	Closed Vent System = Closed vent system is not maintained under negative pressure and is	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			subject to 40 CFR § 63.172.	
			By-Pass Lines = By-pass line valves are secured in the closed position with a car-seal or lock-and-key configuration.	
			Wastewater Stream Designation = Group1 for Table 9 compounds.	
			Combination of Control Devices = The vent stream is treated using a single control device.	
			Monitoring Options = Control device is using the monitoring parameters specified in Table 13 of Subpart G.	
			Wastewater Stream Treatment = Percent removal/destruction option by reducing the mass flow rate by the Fr value.	
			Control Devices = Flare.	
			Treatment Process Design Evaluation = Compliance for the treatment process will be demonstrated by performance test.	
PROLOU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW1	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Boiler or process heater having a design heat input capacity less than 44 MW and that achieves a total organic compound concentration of 20 ppmv on a dry basis corrected to 3% oxygen.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Fuel Gas System = Not all gaseous vent streams from the treatment process or wastewater treatment system are routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	
			Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used show that the control device achieves its emission limitation.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
PROLOU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW2	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Boiler or process heater having a design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW and that achieves a total organic compound concentration of 20 ppmv on a dry basis corrected to 3% oxygen.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Fuel Gas System = Not all gaseous vent streams from the treatment process or wastewater treatment system are routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	
			Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used show that the control device achieves its emission limitation.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
PROLOU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW3	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	Affected Pollutant - Benzene: Added Recordkeeping § 61.356(f)(2)(i)(D)
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	At the request of applicant applicability

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	citation for flare.
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Fuel Gas System = Not all gaseous vent streams from the treatment process or wastewater treatment system are routed to a fuel gas system.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
PROLWSU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW1b	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Boiler or process heater having a design heat input capacity less than 44 MW and that achieves a total organic compound concentration of 20 ppmv on a dry basis corrected to 3% oxygen.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used show that the control device achieves its emission limitation.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
PROLWSU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW2a	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Boiler or process heater having a design heat input capacity greater than or equal to 44 MW and that achieves a total organic compound concentration of 20 ppmv on a dry basis corrected to 3% oxygen.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	
			Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used show that the control device achieves its emission limitation.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Alternate Monitoring Parameters = Alternate monitoring parameters or requirements have not been approved by the Administrator or have not been requested.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR §	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**
			61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
PROLWSU	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FFTP-WW3a	AMOC = An alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.348 for treatment processes is not used.	
			By-Pass Line = The closed-vent system contains a by-pass line that could divert the vent stream away from the control device.	
			Continuous Monitoring = The wastewater treatment system unit process parameters are continuously monitored to indicate proper system operation.	
			By-Pass Line Valve = A car-seal or lock and key configuration is used to secure the by-pass line valve in the closed position.	
			Complying with § 61.342(e) = The facility is not complying with 40 CFR § 61.342(e).	
			Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.	
			Openings = The treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit has openings.	
			Stream Combination = The process wastewater, product tank drawdown, or landfill leachate is not combined with other waste streams for the purpose of facilitating management or treatment in the wastewater treatment system.	
			Benzene Removal = Benzene is removed from the waste stream to a level of less than 10 ppmw on a flow weighted annual average basis.	
			Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used show that the control device achieves its emission limitation.	
			Less Than Atmospheric = A cover and closed-vent system are operated such that the treatment process or wastewater system unit is maintained at ambient atmospheric pressure.	
			Closed-Vent System and Control Device = A closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Process Or Stream Exemption = The treatment process or waste stream is not complying with 40 CFR §61.348(d).	
			AMOC = No alternate means of compliance (AMOC) to meet the requirements of 40 CFR § 61.349 for a closed-vent system and control device is used.	
			Treatment Process Engineering Calculations = Performance tests are used to show that the treatment process or wastewater treatment system unit achieves its emission limitation.	
GRP_FURNAC	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY	Research and Development = THE PROCESS UNIT IS USED IN PRODUCTION	
LS	Subpart 11		Flexible Unit = THE PROCESS UNIT IS OPERATED AS A FLEXIBLE PROCESS UNIT	
			Primary Product = THE PRIMARY PRODUCT OF THE PROCESS UNIT IS A PRODUCT PRODUCED BY A REGULATED SOURCE CATEGORY	
			Source Category = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION	
PROCYHON	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F	63F-009	Applicable Chemicals = The chemical manufacturing process unit manufactures, as a primary product, one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(i) or 40 CFR § 63.100(b)(1)(ii).	
			Intervening Cooling Fluid = There is no intervening cooling fluid containing less than 5 percent by	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	Changes and Exceptions to DSS**	
			weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F, between the process and cooling water.		
			Table 2 HAP = The chemical manufacturing process unit uses as a reactant or manufactures, as a product or co-product, one or more of the organic hazardous air pollutants in Table 2.		
			Table 4 HAP Content = The recirculating heat exchange system is not used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 4 of title 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart F.		
			Alternate Means of Emission Limitation = No alternative means of emission limitation has been approved by the EPA Administrator to achieve a reduction in organic HAP emission or no alternate has been requested.		
			NPDES Permit = The once-through heat exchange system is not subject to NPDES permit with an allowable discharge limit of 1 part per million or less above influent concentration or 10 percent or less above influent concentration.		
			Meets 40 CFR $63.104(a)(4)(i)$ -(iv) = The once-through heat exchange system is not subject to an NPDES permit that meets 40 CFR § $63.104(a)(4)(i)$ - (iv).		
			Heat Exchange System = A heat exchange system is utilized.		
			Table 9 HAP Content = The once-through heat exchange system is not used exclusively to cool process fluids that contain less than 5 percent by weight of total HAPs listed in Table 9 of 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.		
			Cooling Water Monitored = The cooling water is being monitored for the presence of one or more HAPs or other representative substances whose presence in cooling water indicates a leak.		
			Cooling Water Pressure = The heat exchange system is not operated with the minimum pressure on the cooling water side at least 35 kilopascals greater than the maximum pressure on the process side.		
PROLOU	OU 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart YY	63YY-060	Research and Development = THE PROCESS UNIT IS USED IN PRODUCTION		
			Flexible Unit = THE PROCESS UNIT IS DEDICATED TO ONE PRODUCT		
			Primary Product = THE PRIMARY PRODUCT OF THE PROCESS UNIT IS A PRODUCT PRODUCED BY A REGULATED SOURCE CATEGORY		
			Source Category = ETHYLENE PRODUCTION		

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and also include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room,

located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. The following table specifies the permits by rule that apply to the site. All current permits by rule are contained in Chapter 106. Outdated 30 TAC Chapter 106 permits by rule may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/old106list/index106.html

Outdated Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

The status of air permits and applications and a link to the Air Permits Remote Document Server is located at the following Web site:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

New Source Review Authorization References

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits				
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX794	Issuance Date: 07/02/2013			
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Pe Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application A	rmits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD rea.			
Authorization No.: 104357	Issuance Date: 08/24/2012			
Authorization No.: 111318	Issuance Date: 07/08/2013			
Authorization No.: 112518	Issuance Date: 08/15/2013			
Authorization No.: 118347	Issuance Date: 04/21/2014			
Authorization No.: 119835	Issuance Date: 06/02/2014			
Authorization No.: 121994	Issuance Date: 08/14/2014			
Authorization No.: 124103	Issuance Date: 11/12/2014			
Authorization No.: 16989	Issuance Date: 07/02/2013			
Authorization No.: 70191	Issuance Date: 06/21/2013			
Authorization No.: 79802	Issuance Date: 06/27/2017			
Authorization No.: 91729	Issuance Date: 02/14/2011			
Authorization No.: 92063	Issuance Date: 02/14/2011			
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the	Application Area			
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003			
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003			
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001			
Number: 106.264	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000			
Number: 106.355	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001			
Number: 106.371	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000			

New Source Review Authorization References

Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.473	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.475	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.476	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.478	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.512	Version No./Date: 06/13/2001

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table" or "MAERT for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant

(or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 10T-113		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-005	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Bottom Filled Tank Design		
Minimum Frequency: On Change		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to maintain document showing bottom-filled configuration of tank. Failure to update records and /or Title V permit as needed upon physical change of tank.		
Basis of monitoring:		

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a bottom fill pipe is location of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated

vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 10T-113		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-005	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		
Averaging Period: n/a		
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Deviation Limit: If the structural integrity of the fill pipe is in question, repairs shall be made before the storage vessel is refilled.

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 10T-114		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-005	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Bottom Filled Tank Design		
Minimum Frequency: On Change		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to maintain document showing bottom-filled configuration of tank. Failure to update records and /or Title V permit as needed upon physical change of tank.		

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a bottom fill pipe is location of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 10T-114		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-005	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: If the structural integrity of the fill pipe is in question, repairs shall be made before the storage vessel is		

Basis of monitoring:

refilled.

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: AUT4930		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	SOP Index No.: 60Ka-25	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112a(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Internal Floating Roof		
Minimum Frequency: annually		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Any monitoring data in which the	e roof is not floating on the surface of the VOC, if liquid has	

Basis of monitoring:

The option to monitor VOC emissions by visually inspecting the external floating roof or the internal floating roof was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources. If the external or internal floating roof is operating in accordance with its design it will meet its control efficiency. Visually inspecting the external floating roof or the internal floating roof is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y; and 30 TAC Chapter 115. Measuring and recording the accumulated area of gaps if the tank is equipped with primary seals is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y; 40 CFR 63 Subparts VV, DD, and MMM; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

accumulated on the internal floating roof, the seals are detached, or if there are holes or tears in the seal fabric

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: CP-31		
Control Device ID No.: LOUBOILER4	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Control Device ID No.: LOUBOILER5	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Control Device ID No.: LOUBOILER6	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Control Device ID No.: LOUBOILER7	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: R5121-6	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Period of operation		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Furnace is not operating while VOC s	treams from catalyst regeneration are being introduced.	

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GAS-TK		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-GAS	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: If needed repairs are not completed prior to refilling the storage vessel		
Basis of monitoring:		

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GAS-TK		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-GAS	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Record of Tank Construction Specifications		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Non-availability of tank construction specifications		
Basis of monitoring:		

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33752		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	SOP Index No.: R5131-002	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.132(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: External Floating Roof Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Annually		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Failure to repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days after discovery or within 75 days if an extension is granted.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and recorded in a log. This assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33755		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	SOP Index No.: R5131-002	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.132(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: External Floating Roof Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Annually		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair the items or empty and discovery or within 75 days if an extension is granted.	remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days after	

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and recorded in a log. This assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33755		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart K	SOP Index No.: 60K-112	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 60.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: External Floating Roof Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Annually		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Deviation Limit: Failure to repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days after discovery or within 75 days if an extension is granted.

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and recorded in a log. This assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33756		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	SOP Index No.: R5131-002	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.132(a)(2)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: External Floating Roof Inspection		
Minimum Frequency: Annually		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Failure to repair the items or empty and remove the storage vessel from service within 45 days after discovery or within 75 days if an extension is granted.		

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to use work practice as a monitoring option to demonstrate compliance. Preventive maintenance and visual inspections of control equipment, as recommended by the manufacturer, conducted by the owner or operator can ensure that the unit is operating properly. The work practice requirements prescribe that preventive maintenance and/or visual inspections be performed and recorded in a log. This assures that the owner or operator is adequately maintaining the control equipment.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33757		
Control Device ID No.: AUFLARE-1	Control Device Type: Flare	
Control Device ID No.: LOUFLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-052	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: 4 times per hour		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame		
Basis of monitoring:		

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: LOUT33799		
Control Device ID No.: AUFLARE-1	Control Device Type: Flare	
Control Device ID No.: LOUFLARE	Control Device Type: Flare	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-052	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Pilot Flame		
Minimum Frequency: 4 times per hour		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Absence of pilot flame		
Basis of monitoring:		

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: TK-99248		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-00A	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: If needed repairs are not completed prior to refilling the storage vessel		
Basis of monitoring:		

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

He'dlower Durana - Information			
Unit/Group/Process Information			
ID No.: TK-99248			
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A		
Applicable Regulatory Requirement			
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: R5112-00A		
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(a)(1)		
Monitoring Information			
Indicator: Record of Tank Construction Specifications			
Minimum Frequency: n/a			
Averaging Period: n/a			
Deviation Limit: Non-availability of tank construction specifications			
Basis of monitoring:			

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Compliance Review

- 1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on <u>December 18, 2017</u>.

 Site rating: <u>3.61 / Satisfactory</u> Company rating: <u>12.76 / Satisfactory</u>

 (High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)
- 2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?......No

Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review

1. Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS? _______Yes 2. Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit? _______Yes

The site has non-compliance issues in complying with NSR Permit 79802 Special condition 2F, 3 and 5. The NSR permit issued to Flint Hill Resources is incorporated into the Title V permit. However the loading activity is performed by a third party owned and operated by Huntsman Petrochemicals Corporation, Port Neches Facility. Due to lack of agreement between these two entities FHR is not able to ensure compliance even though the Compliance Schedule and Plan has been included in the Title V permit for almost a decade. Under these circumstance the Compliance Plan and Schedule was revisited and revised more thoroughly to make it effective after getting clarification of the current status. The updated Compliance Plan and Schedule was approved by Jake Frye, of Region 10 on March 27, 2017.

Available Unit Attribute Forms

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- **OP-UA8 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes**
- OP-UA9 Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- **OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes**
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes
- **OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes**
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes

- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Drver/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- **OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes**
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes